

FLOWERS

ALYSSUM: (*Lobularia maritima*) 50-59 days. Annual that reseeds easily. Great ground cover. Ours is white.

- **Basket of Gold**—42-64 days. Lovely yellow-gold blooms that look great draping over a hanging basket.

BORAGE: (*Borago officinalis*) 70 days. Annual but reseeds itself in the right location. Bright blue star-like flowers often used to decorate cakes or drinks. Young leaves can be used raw in salads. About 2' high and wide. Hardy and drought tolerant. Excellent companion plant for all vegetables but especially tomatoes. It is said all plants do better around Borage.

CALENDULA: (*officinalis*) Annual often used as an herb to heal dry skin.

Pacific Beauty Mix—(Orange and yellow Blooms can last most of the winter in the garden. Flowers are edible and can be added to salads. Reseeds.

ECHINACEA (*purpurea*): Perennial. Purple daisy-type flowers attractive to pollinators. Roots used to boost the immune system. Petals edible. Place in cold a few weeks for germination.

FLAX: (*Linum perenne*) Perennial.

- **Blue Flax**- Pale blue flowers on delicate stems. Seeds are edible.
- **Scarlet Flax**- annual with red flowers.

GLORIOSA DAISY: (*Rudbeckia hirta*) Short lived perennial. Large flowers, autumn colors. A daisy you can't live without!

MARIGOLD: (*Tagetes tenuifolia*) Annual.

- **'Lemon Gem'** is a short marigold, bright yellow, often used in the front of borders. Flowers are edible. Attracts beneficial insects and pollinators.
- **Cracker Jack'** variety (*Tagetes erecta*) is 2-3 feet high, with large flower heads in different colors of orange and yellow, singles and doubles. Select your favorite seeds for next year's crop.

NASTURTIUM: (*Tropaeolum majus*) 35-52 days. Annual. Trailing light green plant with orange and yellow blossoms. Leaves and flowers are edible and great raw in salads. Pickle the seeds for caper-like treats.

- **Alaska Mix**—A riot of color against light green variegated foliage. Compact 8-inch plants with old-fashioned single flowers create a dazzling display of color from yellow to orange to deep red.
- **Jewel Mix**—Colorful double blooms in light yellow, orange and deep red. A nice 15–18-inch, compact nasturtium for smaller yards and flower boxes.
- **Empress of India**—Red-flowered heirloom that is offset by frosty blue-green foliage. Empress of India makes a wonderful billowing, cascading plant for terraced beds or walls. Mass plantings of this nasturtium will reward you with a 2-foot tall, knock-your-socks-off display.

POPPY, CALIFORNIA: (*Eschscholzia californica*) Annual. This is the bright orange poppy we know and love! Prefers gravelly soil. Used in many forms as a medicinal herb.

SUNFLOWER: (*Helianthus annuus*) Annual. Seeds and flowers edible, as are the young sprouts.

- **Autumn Beauty**—75-95 days. Beautiful warm colors radiate from this open pollinated mix. Invites pollinators en masse!
- **Grey Stripe**—100 days. This variety is the tall yellow one called “Grey Stripe.” Seeds typical for snacking.
- **Mexican (Tithonia)**—This popular annual is quite tall and quite wide, almost creating a hedge. Flaming orange flowers among the large, velvety leaves attract many butterflies and hummingbirds. It is also super easy to grow, so this plant has it all!
- **Skyscraper**—75 days. Skyscraper is a big sunflower with edible seeds, growing to 12’ tall with whopping 14” flowers. Stake this towering plant. Skyscraper will produce enough seeds to feed you and the birds. Ideal as a backdrop on the north side of your edible garden.
- **Velvet Queen**—75-100 days. velvety bronze and burgundy sunflowers. This sunflower grows to a perfect reachable height and makes excellent cut flowers. As with most sunflowers, this variety is straightforward to grow, so it makes an excellent selection for a beginning gardener.

SWEET PEA: 90 days to flower. This is the ornamental pea, not edible. Generally, prefers cooler temperatures, but if planted early in spring, can produce multicolored beautifully scented flowers until heat comes.

- **Bijou Mix**—This dwarf Sweet Pea variety produces masses of fragrant flowers on sturdy, bushy plants. Perfect for bouquets, this mix includes red, pink, purple, blue, and white. This annual is very easy to grow and is a must for those who love various aromas in their garden.
- **Mammoth**—excellent choice for early spring color. With stunning shades of crimson, lavender, salmon, deep rose, navy blue, rose pink, and salmon pink, these climbers will be perfect for that first sweet pea bouquet.
- **Royal Family Mix**—This noteworthy mix includes red, purple, mauve, pink, blue, and white blooms. Every annual flower garden needs this flower in a corner somewhere to add its perfume to the garden.

ZINNIA: (*Zinnia elegans*) 70-90 days. Annual. Multiple colors and gorgeous display in our mixes. Petals are edible but remove the seeds when you pull petals out for best results.

- **California Giants** These enormous zinnias grow up to 36 inches in a stunning mix of pink, purple, red, orange, white, and yellow. This easy-to-grow annual blooms all summer long and will attract butterflies to your yard and garden.
- **Classic Zinnia** This time-honored Zinnia variety produces orange, yellow, and white blossoms on compact, bushy plants. These flowers are more like a daisy than many Zinnias, but they are still well-loved by the bees and butterflies.
- **Lilliput mix**—Shaped like little pom-poms, these bright flowers add pop and color to garden and bouquet. This flower is a semi-dwarf Zinnia and works well for planting into containers or small gardens. It is also an annual flower that is very easy to grow and does not need much fussing.
- **Pumila Zinnia** - An old-time garden favorite, these Zinnias come in a lovely mix of pink, purple, orange, red, white, and yellow. This Zinnia is smaller than some, so it is an excellent option for small gardens, containers, or tight spaces. This annual is easy to grow and does not require much care.

- **Purple Prince**—Fuchsia blossoms will add extra sparkle to your garden or bouquet. Mix with some of the other colors of Zinnia for a grand display. These annuals are loved by butterflies and are very easy to grow from seed.